

Hard copy of this document, if not marked "CONTROLLED" in red, is by definition uncontrolled and may be out of date.

Requirements for

OSHA Injury and Illness Recordkeeping and Reporting

REVISION

		KEVIOIOI			
Rev No.	DCN No.	Change Summary	Release Date	DCN Initiator	Document Owner
5	DCN3277	Update for nomenclature and simplification	January/ February 2024	P. LaFountain	K. Rydberg

Prior revision history, if applicable, is available from the Document Control Office.

1 PURPOSE

- 1.1 The purpose of this document is to provide requirements for the recordkeeping and reporting of a work-related injury, illness, fatality, and/or severe injury to OSHA.
- 1.2 Many employers with more than 10 employees are required to keep a record of serious work-related injuries and illnesses. Minor injuries requiring first aid only do not need to be recorded.
- 1.3 The NY CREATES North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code 5417 'Scientific Research and Development Services', is classified as a low risk industry and is a <u>partially exempt industry</u> from these reporting requirements.
- 1.3.1 As a <u>partially exempt industry</u>, NY CREATES is required to report to OSHA any work-related incident that results in a fatality, in-patient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye.

2 SCOPE

2.1 The OSHA Injury and Illness Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements apply to NY CREATES employees at the Albany NanoTech Complex (ANC).

3 DEFINITIONS

- 3.1 **Establishment** A single physical location where business is conducted or where services are performed. A campus is considered an establishment.
- 3.2 **Injury or Illness** An injury or illness is an abnormal condition or disorder. Injuries include cases such as, but not limited to, a cut, fracture, sprain, or amputation. Illnesses include both acute and chronic illnesses, such as, but not limited to, skin disease, respiratory disorder, or poisoning.
- 3.3 There are also special recording criteria for work-related cases involving needle sticks and sharps injuries, medical removal, hearing loss, and tuberculosis.
- 3.4 **OSHA** Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) is an agency of the United States Department of Labor.

- 3.5 **Work-Related Incident** An injury or illness is work-related if an event or exposure in the work environment either caused or contributed to the resulting condition, or significantly aggravated a pre-existing injury or illness.
- 3.5.1 Work-relatedness is presumed for injuries and illnesses resulting from events or exposures occurring in the work environment, unless an exception in 1904.5(b)(2) specifically applies.

4 ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

- 4.1 EHS-00083-F1 OSHA Serious Event Reporting Form
- 4.2 **OSHA Form 300** Log of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses
- 4.3 **OSHA Form 300A** Summary of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses
- 4.4 **OSHA form 301** Injury and Illness Incident Report

5 DISTRIBUTION

- 5.1 Copies of this document are maintained at this facility in the following locations:
 - EHS Intranet
 - Emergency Response Team (ERT) Office
 - Security Control Center (SCC)

6 PROCEDURE

6.1 Internal Reporting Procedure

6.1.1 Any work-related injury or incident occurring at ANC which requires medical treatment shall be reported by calling Security at 518-437-8600.

While responding to the incident, the ERT shall determine if the injury or illness meets one or more of the criteria listed in Section 6.2.1-6.2.4 and ERT shall contact one of the following people, as soon as possible, in order, until one of them is reached:

Role	Name	Contact Information
Primary Contact	Kassey Rydberg, AVP of EHS	Cell: 518-380-1847 Home: 518-257-0247
1 st Alternate Contact	Priscilla LaFountain, Safety Engineer	Cell: 518-728-3241 Home: 518-852-2251
2 nd Alternate Contact	Katlin Rhodes, Industrial Hygienist	Cell: 518-641-2255
3 rd Alternate Contact	Sean Gavaghan, Industrial Hygienist	Cell: 518-603-0305

6.2 External Reporting Requirements

- 6.2.1 The employer (e.g., NY CREATES, tenant, contractor) is responsible for the external reporting of its fatality or severe injury incidents to OSHA.
- 6.2.2 All work-related fatalities must be reported to OSHA within **8 hours**.
- 6.2.3 All work-related in-patient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye must be reported to OSHA within **24 hours** of the work-related incident. Employers must report the incident internally within **24 hours** of learning about it.
- 6.2.4 Fatalities occurring **within 30 days** of a work-related incident must be reported to OSHA.
- 6.2.5 In-patient hospitalization or fatality due to a heart attack must be reported if the heart attack resulted from a work-related incident.
- 6.2.6 External reporting for a NY CREATES employee will be performed by the individuals listed in 6.1.3.

- 6.3 Initial Notification Requirements
- 6.3.1 The <u>OSHA Serious Event Reporting Form (**EHS-00083-F1**) should be used to collect appropriate information prior to calling OSHA.</u>
- 6.3.2 The following information is required to be reported to OSHA, at minimum:
 - Establishment name
 - Location of incident
 - Time of incident
 - The type of serious event (i.e., fatality, in-patient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye)
 - The number of employees who suffered a fatality, in-patient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye
 - The name(s) of the employee(s) who suffered a fatality, in-patient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye
 - The name of the contact person and his or her phone number
 - Brief description of the work-related incident
- 6.3.3 Notification to OSHA can be made by one of the following methods:

Method	Number/Location	
OSHA's free and confidential number	1-800-321-OSHA (6742)	
OSHA Area Office during normal business hours ONLY	(518) 464-4338 (Albany)	
OSHA Serious Event Reporting Online Form	Serious Event Reporting Online Form	

7 MAINTAINING AND POSTING RECORDS

- 7.1 OSHA records must be maintained at the worksite for at least **five years**. If requested, copies of the records must be provided to current and former employees or their representatives.
- 7.2 **Each** February through April, locations must post a summary of the prior year's severe injuries and illnesses, if any, using OSHA form 300A.

7.3 Locations must inform employees of their right to report work-related injuries and illnesses free from retaliation, which is satisfied by posting the OSHA workplace poster.